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Enquiries: Our reference: Your reference:

T Pather NIL39B0001

06 August 2010

Chief Executive Officer Necsa P O Box 582 PRETORIA 0001

FOR THE ATTENTION OF DR RM ADAM

Dear Dr Adam 🚪

NUCLEAR INSTALLATION LICENCE NIL-39 (VARIATION 0)

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- Please find enclosed one controlled copy of Nuclear Installation Licence No. NIL-39 (Variation 0), being the nuclear authorisation issued to Necsa for the operation of the NTP Radiochemicals Complex. This document must be controlled in accordance with the Necsa arrangements for controlled documents.
- 2. The provisions of Nuclear Licence NL27 (Variation 25) are no longer applicable to the NTP Radiochemicals Complex.
- 3. The issue of Nuclear Installation Licence No. NIL-39 (Variation 0)
 - i. Gives effect to the Minister's ruling that separate authorisations be issued for the nuclear installations on the Pelindaba site.
 - ii. Provides a description of the installation, a clear definition of the scope of actions that may be undertaken by the installation and the associated NNR specified requirements.
- 4. With the above-mentioned authorisation now issued to Necsa, please be advised that the format for correspondence between **Necsa and the NNR on** the **NTP Radiochemicals Complex** will be as follows:
 - i. Correspondence from Necsa to the NNR: NIL39AXXXX, where "XXXX" is sequential numbers starting with 0001.
 - ii. **Correspondence from the NNR to Necsa:** NIL39BXXXX, where "XXXX" is sequential numbers starting with 0001.
 - iii. NNR Authorisation Requests (NAR's) will be numbered as follows: NIL39-NAR-XXXX, where "XXXX" is sequential numbers starting with 0001.

- iv. Authorisation Change Requests (ACR's) will be numbered as follows: NIL39-ACR-XXXX, where "XXXX" is sequential numbers starting with 0001.
- v. **Events** will be numbered as follows: NIL39-OCC-XXXX, where "XXXX" is sequential numbers starting with 0001.
- vi. Necsa is required to follow this numbering system with immediate effect.
- 5. The issue of this nuclear authorisation does not relieve Necsa of any obligations under any other legislation.





NUCLEAR INSTALLATION LICENCE No. NIL-39 (Variation 0)

Nuclear Installation Licence No. NIL-39 (Variation 0) issued in terms of the provisions of Section 23 of the National Nuclear Regulator Act, Act 47 of 1999 (hereinafter referred to as the Act)

THE SOUTH AFRICAN NUCLEAR ENERGY CORPORATION (Necsa) (hereinafter referred to as the licensee)

for

the operation of the **NTP Radiochemicals Complex** on the farm Weldaba 567 JQ (formerly Welgegund 491 JQ), in the magisterial district of Brits in the North West Province, known as the Pelindaba site. The site referred to in this licence refers to the defined portion of the Pelindaba site on which the NTP Radiochemicals Complex is constructed (see Figure 1).

The Nuclear Installation Licence is not transferable and is effective from the date of issue, subject to adherence with

- (i) the Conditions of Author sation in PART A; and
- (ii) the Specified NNR Requirements in PART B.

Issued at Centurion on this <u>fth</u> day of <u>August</u>	_2010

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



Page 2 of 24

PART A: CONDITIONS OF AUTHORISATION

1. General

- a. In these conditions any reference to an agreement, approval, directive, specification, notification, process or any formal communication between the NNR and the licensee, and vice versa, shall be deemed to be a reference to a written document.
- b. In these conditions any reference to approved processes and or procedures shall be deemed to be licensee processes and or procedures.
- c. In these conditions any reference to NNR approved precesses and or procedures shall be deemed to be licensee processes and or procedures that have been reviewed and approved by the NNP.
- d. The licensee must ensure that once approved no alteration or amendment is made to the NNR opproved processes and or procedures unless the NNR has approved the said alteration or amendment.
- e. Where in these conditions, the NUR requires any matter to be approved or to be carried out only with its consent or to be carried out as it directs, the NNR may –
 - i. from time to time modify, revise or withdraw, either wholly or in part, any such approval, directive or consent;
 - ii. approve, either wholly or in part, any modification or revision or any proposed modification or revision to any matter for the period being approved.
- f. The English text of the licence is the official text of the licence.

2. Facility Description

The NTP Radiochemicals Complex is situated on the west side of the Pelindaba site and consists of:

- i. The NTP Radiochemicals Facility,
- ii. The Storage Area for High Density Concrete Drums,
- iii. The Interim Decay Storage Yard, and
- iv. Building P-1700.
- a. The **NTP Radiochemicals Facility** is situated in building P-1701 which is a concrete and brick building consisting of five floors. The basement is mainly a service area housing the ventilation plants and liquid waste storage tanks and incorporates dispatch and receipt areas.



Production of radioisotopes such as ⁹⁹Mo, ¹³¹I, ³⁵S, ³²P and ⁹⁰Y are performed on the ground floor where the hot cells are situated. The first floor is mainly used for manipulator decontamination and repair activities. The second floor is predominantly a storage area on top of the concrete cells. The third floor contains the buildings ventilation chiller.

Building P-1701 is furthermore used for the packaging, measurement and temporarily storage of waste generated by the NTP production processes, maintenance of hot-cell and associated components and decontamination activities of the equipment used in the processes.

The Radiochemicals Facility contains 25 Hot Cells and the glove boxes, allocated as follows:

i. Cell 1 and Cell 2:

Cell 1 and Cell 2 are concrete shielded cells currently not in use, and are decontaminated to red radiologically controlled area specifications.

ii. Cell 3:

Cell 3 is a concrete shielded cell used to store historic uranium waste (generated from the FTAs) and carrent uranium waste (from the ⁹⁹Mo production processes as well, as contaminated equipment and general production waste). This cell is under strict access control.

iii. Cell 4:

Cell 4 is a **mild steel** and lead shielded cell used for the decontamination of process equipment and DPTE containers.

iv. Cell 5;

Cell 5 is a mild steel and lead shielded cell and houses the old containment box of Cell 11. This cell is under strict access control.

v. Cell 6 and Cell 7:

Cell 6 and Cell 7 are mild steel and lead shielded cells used for the production of 90 Y.

vi. Cell 8:

Cell 8 is a mild steel and lead shielded cell housing the old containment box of Cell19. This cell is under strict access control.

vii. Cell 9 and Cell 10:

Cell 9 and Cell 10 are mild steel and lead shielded cells used for the production of 32 P.





viii. Cells 11 to 14:

Cells 11 to 14 are mild steel and lead shielded cells used for the production of 99 Mo.

ix. Cell 15:

Cell 15 is a mild steel and lead shielded cell used for the dispensing of ⁹⁹Mo. This cell has no containment box.

x. Cells 16 to 19:

Cells 16 to 19 are a mild steel and lead shielded cells used for the production of 99 Mo.

xi. Cell 20:

Cell 20 is a mild steel and lead shielded cell used for the production of ³⁵S.

xii. Cells 21 to 24:

Cells 21 to 24 are mild steel and lead shielded cells used for the production of ^{131}I .

xiii. Cell 25:

Cell 25 is a mild steel and hed shielded cell used for the melting of radioactively contaminated plastic containers to reduce its volumes before disposal.

xiv. Glove Boxes

- 1. Glove fox 1 is a glove box adjacent to Cell 20 in the Cell Maintenance Area (Red radiological area) that is used for the dispensing of ³⁵S.
- 2. **Give Box 2** is a portable glove box used for waste handling and decontamination actions.
- b. The Storage Area for High Density Concrete Drums is a fenced in area on the non-been-eastern corner of and partly underneath building P-1700. This storage area is used as an interim storage area for high density concrete drums containing solid production waste generated in the NTP Radiochemicals Facility. The storage area has a concrete and tarmac surface and is fenced in with a 2.0 meter high fence. This area is within the NTP security fence.
- c. The **Interim Decay Storage Yard** is situated on the eastern side of building P-1701 and consists of a concrete slab with a useable area of 2240m² for storage of concrete decay drums. The facility is enclosed by a 1.8 meter high fence on three sides and building P-1701 on the west side. This facility is within the NTP security fence.





d. Building P-1700, excluding the Storage Area for High Density Concrete Drums, contains the offices for NTP, the preparatory laboratories and in rooms G58, G59, G60, G61, G62, G63 and G64 of the south wing of P-1700 the Research & Development and Quality Control laboratories for medical products, which is authorized by the Department of Health.

3. Scope of Actions that may be undertaken in the NTP Radiochemicals Complex

- a. NTP Radiochemicals Facility is authorised for:
 - i. Receiving of radioactive material which the facility is authorised to receive.
 - ii. The production of:
 - .⁹⁹Mo from irradiated enriched tranium tage plates.
 - 2. ¹³¹I from extraction columns interated in the ⁹⁹Mo production process.
 - 3. ³²P from irradiated S targetter
 - 4. ³⁵S from irradiated KCI argets
 - 5. ⁹⁰Y from ⁹⁰Sr generators.
 - iii. Storage of:
 - 1. Metal canisters containing uranium residue from ⁹⁹Mo production.
 - 2. LTA historic waste and radioactively contaminated equipment and general production waste in Cell 3.
 - 3. Low and Intermediate Level Waste in the P-1701 basement as begged used filters or in waste drums of maximum 200 liter capacity.
 - 4. Low Active (LA) and Medium Active (MA) liquid waste in LA and MA liquid effluent storage tanks prior to sampling and dispatch to
 - Le P-2400 Liquid Effluent Management Facility for treatment.

iv. Cementation of high active in-cell liquid waste.

- v. Sampling of:
 - 1. Liquid effluents, to be analysed by RadioAnalysis, prior to dispatch to the P2400 Liquid Effluent Management Facility for treatment.
 - 2. Product and/or other materials for analyses by an authorized laboratory.
- vi. Repair maintenance of the plant and process equipment.
- vii. Decontamination, repair and maintenance of transport containers.



- viii. Transfer of Solid waste from the Padirac containers to concrete decay drums via the waste station and from the concrete decay drums to red drums for disposal.
 - ix. Transfer of said wastes to other authorised facilities.
 - x. Transfer of radioactive material to other facilities authorized to receive such radioactive material.
 - xi. Decontamination and storage / transfer of transport containers.
- xii. Receipt, storage, transfer and dispatch of transport contained
- b. The Storage Area for High Density Concrete Diums is authorized for:
 - i. Receipt and storage of high density concrete storage drums.
 - ii. Transfer of these concrete storage drums to facilities authorised to receive these drums.
- c. The Interim Decay Storage Yall is unforized for:
 - i. Receipt and storage of concrete decay drums.
 - ii. Transfer of concrete decay drums to facilities authorised to receive these drums.
- d. The Research & Development and Quality Control laboratories in building **P-1700** is authorized by the Department of Health

4. Demarcation of Site Boundary, Site Plans, Designs and Specifications

- a: The licensee must maintain a plan of the site (hereinafter called the site plan) showing the location of the boundary of the site and every building, plant or facility on the site.
- b. The licensee must demarcate the boundaries of the site by fences or other appropriate means and all such fences or other means used for this purpose must be properly maintained.
- c. Prior to making any change to the site, which impacts or has the potential to impact on health, safety, or the environment as contemplated in the Act, the licensee must submit to the NNR an amended site plan and schedule, for approval.





d. The licensee must submit, to the NNR, such plans, diagrams, designs, specifications, or other information relating to the buildings, plants or any other facilities on the site as the NNR may specify.

5. Physical Security

- a. The licensee must ensure the safety and security of the
 - i. site; and
 - ii. all installations and persons thereon,
- b. The physical protection system must be designed to protect against the design basis threat, theft or diversion of radioactive material and sabotage.
- c. The licensee must prevent unauthorised perions from entering the site or any part thereof.

6. Transport

- a. The transportation of radio accurcinaterial or any equipment or objects contaminated with radioactive material must be carried out in compliance with the relevant provisions of the International Atomic Energy Agency's Regulations for the Safe Transport of Radioactive Material, 2005 Edition, IAEA Safety Standard Series No. TS-R-1, IAEA, Vienna, 2005.
- b. The licensee must ensure that no radioactive material is brought onto the site on conveyed from the site, except in accordance with processes approved by the NNR.
- c. All on site transport of radioactive material or any equipment or objects contaminated with radioactive material must be carried out in compliance with processes approved by the NNR.
- d. The licensee must keep a record of all radioactive material consigned to and from the site. Such record must
 - i. contain particulars of the amount, type and form of such radioactive material, the manner in which it was packaged, the name and address of the person to whom it was consigned to or from and the date when it left or arrived on the site.
 - ii. be preserved for a period acceptable to the NNR.





Page 8 of 24

e. The licensee must not undertake any transport of radioactive material to sites, installations or persons not appropriately authorised to receive such material.

7. Restrictions on Dealing with the Site

- a. The licensee may not lease, assign, or grant possession to use
 - i. the site, or any portion thereof; or
 - ii. any radioactive material,

to any person not in possession of an appropriate nuclear authorisation, where such an authorisation is required.

- b. The licensee must inform the NNR in writing of such intention and request the revocation or amendment of the relevant part of the authorisation as appropriate.
- c. The licensee remains responsible for compliance with all conditions of authorisation until such time as said conditions are revoked or amended.
- d. The licensee must preven periods from carrying out any unauthorised actions on the site.
- e. The licensee must ensure that no radioactive material intended for use in connection with any new installation, process or modification to the existing installation is brought onto site for the first time without consent of the NNR.
- f. The licensee must ensure that no radioactive material is stored on the site except in accordance with processes approved by the NNR.
- g. The licensee must ensure that every person authorised to be on the site ecceives instructions (to the extent that this is necessary having regard to

the circumstances of that person being on the site) as regards the risks and hazards associated with the nuclear installations and their operation, the precautions to be observed in connection therewith and the actions to be taken in the event of an accident or emergency on the site.

h. The licensee must implement approved processes for suitable training of all persons who have responsibilities for any operations which may affect safety.





- i. The licensee must ensure that suitable and sufficient methods are employed on the site for the purposes of informing persons thereon of each of the following matters
 - i. the meaning of any warning sign used on the site;
 - ii. the location of any exit from any place on the site, where such exit is provided for use in the event of an emergency;
 - iii. the measures to be taken by such persons in the event of any emergency.

8. Radiological Protection

- a. The licensee must implement the approved processes for the purposes of ensuring radiological protection of employees, members of the public and the environment, both on the site and out the site, as a consequence of authorised actions.
- b. The normal operational exposure of individuals must be restricted to ensure that neither the effective dose nor the equivalent dose to relevant organs or tissues exceed, any relevant dose limit specified by the NNR.
- c. The licensee's indiological protection processes must, under all operating states of the authorised actions or facilities ensure that-
 - (i) effective radiation doses, including committed effective doses, to persons;
 - (ii) the number of people who are exposed; and
 - (iii) the likelihood of incurring exposures to radiation,
 - are kept as low as reasonably achievable.
- de A dose register of every occupationally exposed worker must be established and maintained in a form acceptable to the NNR. The licensee must retain the register for a period of at least fifty years from the date of last entry.
- e. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes for the purposes of control of radioactive sources.

9. Medical Surveillance and Health Register

a. A comprehensive medical surveillance programme and health register must be maintained in a form approved by the NNR.





- b. All entries in the health register must be made by an appointed medical practitioner or a person so authorised.
- c. The appointed medical practitioner must inform the employee of any medical condition, which could have arisen as a result of occupational exposure to radiation.
- d. The licensee must retain the register for a period of at least fifty years from the date of last entry.
- e. An employee or former employee must have right of access to his medical records and health register at all times.

10. Radioactive Waste Management

- a. The licensee must implement **MAR** approved processes for the minimisation and safe management of radioactive waste on the site.
- b. The radioactive waste management programme must
 - i. ensure the identification quantification, characterisation and classification of any ralioactive waste generated;
 - ii. provide for the necessary steps leading to safe clearance, authorised discharge, disposal, reuse or recycling; and
 - iii. provide for the safe storage of radioactive waste between any waste management processes.
- c. The safety of radioactive waste storage options must be assured for the envisaged period of storage.

11. Documents, Records, Authorities and Certificates

- a. The licensee must keep adequate records to demonstrate compliance with the conditions of this licence.
- b. The licensee must implement and maintain an approved document management system to ensure that every document required, every record made, every authority, consent or approval granted and every directive or

certificate issue in pursuance of these conditions of licence is preserved for 30 years or such other period as the NNR may approve.



Page 11 of 24

c. Operational reports must be submitted to the NNR at predetermined periods, approved by the NNR, and must contain such information as the NNR may require on the basis of the nuclear installation's safety assessment.

12. Events (including Incidents or Accidents) on the Site

a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes for the notification, recording, investigation and reporting and reporting of events (incidents, accidents, etc.) occurring on the site –

i. in accordance with requirements specified

ii. as required by any other condition attached to the licence; or iii. as the licensee considers necessary.

13. Emergency Planning and Preparedness

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes related to preparedness for and response to any event, (incident, accident, etc) or other emergency arising on the ite and their associated impacts.
- b. The licensee must ensure that such processes include procedures to ensure that all persons, on the employ of the licensee, who have duties in connection with such processes are properly trained and instructed in
 - i. the performance of the processes;
 - ii. the use of any equipment that may be required; and
 - iii. the precautions to be observed.

c. Where such processes require the assistance or cooperation of, or it is expedient to make use of the services of any person, local authority or any

- other body; the licensee must ensure that such persons, local authority or ther body are consulted in the periodic review and update of such processes.
- d. The licensee must ensure that all such processes are exercised and tested at such intervals and at such times and to such extent as the NNR may specify or, where the NNR has not so specified, as the licensee considers necessary to ensure their continued viability.





14. Environmental Protection

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes for the protection of public health and the environment arising from the nuclear installation's authorised activities.
- b. The licensee must ensure that no radioactive effluent release is made from the site except in accordance with procedures and processes approved by the NNR.
- c. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes and procedures for environmental monitoring and surveillance.

15. Duly Authorised and Suitably Qualified and Experienced Persons

a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes and procedures for ensuring that only suitably qualified and experienced persons perform any

duties, which may affect the safety of operations on the site, or any duties assigned by or under these conditions of licence.

b. Such processes and procedures must make provision for the appointment, as appropriate, of duly authorised persons to control and supervise operations, which may affect plant or facility safety.

16. Safety Committee

- - a. The licensee must implement processes and procedures relating to safety committee(s) to oversee and manage its safety responsibilities and to which it refers for consideration and advice
 - i. matters required by or under this licence;
 - safety policies, procedures, processes or documents required by these conditions of licence or as the NNR may specify and any subsequent alteration or amendment to said processes or documents;
 - iii. any matter affecting safety on or off the site which the NNR may specify; and
 - iv. any other matter, which the licensee considers should be referred to a safety committee.





Page 13 of 24

- b. The terms of reference of any such safety committee must be submitted to the NNR.
- c. The licensee must ensure that the members of any such committee are suitably qualified and experienced, so as to enable said committee to consider any matter likely to be referred to it and to advise the licensee authoritatively and, so far as practicable, independently.
- d. The licensee must ensure that a safety committee shall consider a advise only during the course of a properly constituted meeting of that committee. Minutes must be kept of all such meetings

17. Safety Documentation

- a. The licensee must implement NNR toproved processes and procedures for the production and assessment of safety cases consisting of documentation to justify safety during the following lifecticle phases of the installation –
 - i. Siting;
 - ii. Design;
 - iii. Manufacture of component parts
 - iv. Construction;
 - v. Commissioning,
 - vi. Operation;
 - vii. Termination of operation;
 - viii. Decontamination; and
 - ix. Decommissioning.
- b. The safety case must include a risk assessment and demonstration of compliance with the Regulations on Safety Standards and Regulatory Prectices as well as any other requirements and guidance prescribed by the NNR.
- c. The licensee must establish and implement processes for the periodic and systematic review and reassessment of safety cases.
- d. The licensee must if so directed by the NNR, carry out a review and reassessment of safety and submit a report of said review and reassessment to the NNR at such intervals, within such period and for such matters or operations as may be specified in the directive.





18. Quality and Safety Management

- a. Quality and Safety Management processes and procedures must be established implemented and maintained in respect of all matters that may affect safety in order to ensure compliance with the conditions of this licence.
- b. The licensee must comply with all NNR approved or NNR accepted documents contained in the Necsa Process Based Licensing (PBL) Manual.
- c. The licensee must submit to the NNR such copies a second or documents made in connection with the aforementioned processes and procedures as the NNR may specify.

19. Modification to Design of Existing Plant or Finility

- a. The licensee must comply with DNR approved processes and procedures relating to control of modification to the design of existing plant, facility or system design including modifications that may be of a temporary nature.
- b. The aforesaid processes must provide for the classification of modifications according to their safety significance.
- c. Where appropriate modifications must be divided into stages and where the NMR has so specified the licensee must not commence nor thereafter proceed from one stage to the next of the modification without the prior approval of the NNR.
- d. The processes must include a requirement for the provision of adequate documentation to justify the safety of the proposed modification and shall where appropriate provide for the submission of such documentation to the NNR.

20. Construction and Commissioning of Plant or Process

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes and procedures relating to the construction and commissioning of any plant, facility or process.
- b. Where appropriate, construction and commissioning of the plant or process may be divided into stages. If so specified by the NNR, the





NUCLEAR INSTALLATION LICENCE No. NIL-39 (Variation 0)

Page 15 of 24

licensee must not commence with any stage nor proceed from one stage of the construction or commissioning to the next without the prior approval of the NNR.

21. Limits and Conditions on Operations

- a. The licensee must, in respect of any operation that may affect safety, produce a safety case to demonstrate the safety of the operation and identify the limits and conditions necessary in the interest of safety. The limits and conditions of operation must be submitted to the TNR for approval.
- b. The licensee must ensure that operations are controlled and sarried out in compliance with NNR approved limits and conditions on operations at all times.
- c. Where the person appointed in terms of paragraph 15 (a) identifies any matter indicating that the safety of any operation or the safe condition of any plant is compromised, that person must bring it to the attention of the relevant facility managements who must forthwith take appropriate action to ensure that the matter is appropriately notified, recorded, investigated and reported to the NNR.
- d. The NNR may in the interests of safety, at any time revoke, amend or impose any limiting condition on operations.

22. Examination, hispection, Maintenance and Testing

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes for the regular, periodic and systematic examination, inspection, maintenance and testing of all plant, systems, structures and components, including software.
- b. The aforesaid processes must provide for the preparation of a plant maintenance schedule for each plant or facility. The licensee must submit to the NNR for its approval, such part or parts of any plant maintenance schedule as the NNR may specify.
- c. The licensee must ensure that a full and accurate report of every examination, inspection, maintenance or test, of any part of a plant, system, structure or component, indicating the date thereof and signed by a suitably qualified and experienced person appointed by the licensee, is made.





- d. The licensee must ensure, in the interests of safety, that examination, inspection, maintenance and test of a plant or any part thereof is carried out
 - i. only by suitably qualified and experienced persons;
 - ii. in accordance with written procedures;
 - iii. within the intervals specified in the plant maintenance schedule; and
 - iv. under the control and general supervision of a suitably evalified and experienced person appointed by the license for that purpose.
- e. When any examination, inspection, maintenance or test or any part of a lant reveals any matter indicating that the safe operation or safe condition

of that plant may be affected, the suitably qualified and experienced person appointed to control or supervise any such examination, inspection, maintenance or test shall forthwith bring it to the attention of the relevant facility management who shall the appropriate action and ensure the

matter is then notified, recorded, investigated and reported in accordance with approved processes.

23. Decommissioning

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes for the decommissioning of facilities or any part thereof on the site.
- b. The licensee must submit for approval a decommissioning plan, as early as possible in the life cycle of the activity or facility. The plan should be revisited and updated as necessary.
- c. A detailed decommissioning plan must be submitted to the NNR for approval prior to the commencement of decommissioning activities.
- d. It must be demonstrated to the NNR that sufficient resources will be available from the time of cessation of operations until termination of the period of responsibility.
- e. Where appropriate decommissioning may be divided into stages. If so specified by the NNR, the licensee may not commence with nor proceed from one stage of the decommissioning to the next without the prior approval of the NNR.



Page 17 of 24

f. The licensee must establish and maintain a list of all contaminated areas on the site, which will require decontamination in the future.

24. Organizational Change

- a. The licensee must implement NNR approved processes to control any change to its organizational structure or resources that may have a bearing on health, safety and the environment as contemplated in the Act
- b. The processes must provide for the classification of changes to the organizational structure or resources according to their afety ignificance.
- c. The processes must include a requirement for the provision of documentation to justify the safety of the proposed thange and shall where appropriate provide for the submission of such documentation to the NNR.

25. Financial Security

a. The licensee must annually provide proof to the NNR that any claim for compensation to an aboun contemplated in Section 30(2) of the Act can be met.

26. Public Safety Information Forum

a. In order to inform the persons living in the municipal area in respect of which an emergency plan has been established, in terms of Section 38(1)

of the Act, on nuclear and radiation safety matters, the licensee must establish a Public Safety Information Forum as prescribed.

27. Inspection Programme

a. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 26(2) of the Act, the licensee must implement an inspection programme to ensure compliance with all conditions of the nuclear installation licence.

28. Display of the Nuclear Installation Licence

a. To ensure public access to the conditions specified in this licence, the licensee must at all times display copies of this Nuclear Installation



Page 18 of 24

Licence at the entrance to the installation in the following languages – English, SeTshwana and Afrikaans.

b. The licensee must provide to the NNR documented proof that the translations into SeTshwana and Afrikaans are true and accurate translations of the original English text.





PART B-1: SPECIFIED NNR REQUIREMENTS FOR NTP RADIOCHEMICALS FACILITY

- B-1.1 The approved Operational Technical Specifications (OTS) for the NTP Radiochemicals Facility is document RAD-OTS-0001 (Rev 0): "Operating Technical Specifications for the Hot Cell Complex".
- B-1.2 The licensee must comply with the requirements, as per the NNR requirements documents, listed in the table below –

Document number	Description
RD-0014 (Rev 0)	Emergency Preparedness and Response
	Requirements for Nuclear Installation
RD-0016 (Rev 0)	Requirements for authorization Submissions
	Involving Computer Software and Evaluation
20	Models for Sufety Calculations
RD-0024 (Rev 0)	Requirements on Risk Assessment and Compliance
(0)	with Safety Criterie for Nuclear Installations
RD-0026 (Rev 0)	Decoramy sioning of Nuclear Facilities
RD-0034 (Rev 0)	Quality and Safety Management Requirements for
	Nuclear installations
LD-1079 (Rev 1)	Requirements in Respect of Licence Change
	Requests to the National Nuclear Regulator

- B-1.3 H₂ content in the air inside the dissolution cells may not exceed 80 % of the Lower Explosion Limit (LEL) (4%).
- B-1.4 Only one (1) ⁹⁹Mo target plate dissolution process and thus one ⁹⁹Mo dissolver pot may be operated at a time.
- B-1.5 Normoderator is allowed in the canisters in Cell 3 or in Cell 3 as a whole.
- B-1.6 The number of target plates per dissolution pot in Cell 11 and Cell 19 is limited to a maximum of 10 target plates.
- B-1.7 The storage of Low Active contaminated waste in the P-1701 basement in either 160 liter or 200 liter waste drums is limited to a maximum of one hundred (100) drums only.



PART B-2: SPECIFIED NNR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE STORAGE AREA FOR HIGH DENSITY CONCRETE DRUMS

B-2.1 The licensee must comply with the requirements, as per the NNR requirements documents, listed in the table below –

Document number	Description
RD-0014 (Rev 0)	Emergency Preparedness and Response
<u> </u>	Requirements for Nuclear Installations
RD-0016 (Rev 0)	Requirements for authorisation Subhissions
.0.	Involving Computer Software and Evaluation
	Models for Safety Calculatons
RD-0024 (Rev 0)	Requirements on Risk As essment and Compliance
1	with Safety Criteria for Nucrear Installations
RD-0026 (Rev 0)	Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities
RD-0034 (Rev 0)	Quality and Cafety Management Requirements for
	Nuclear Installations
LD-1079 (Rev 1)	Requirements in Respect of Licence Change
	Requists of the National Nuclear Regulator

- B-2.2 Only high density concrete storage drums may be stored in the facility.
- B-2.3 Only waste originating from the NTP Facilities may be stored in this facility.
- B-2.4 The high density concrete storage drums may only be stacked one tier high.
- B-2.5 The storage droms may not contain
 - a. any granium nuclides.
 - b. volate or liquid material.
- B-2.6 The storage of high density concrete storage drums is limited to a maximum of 200 drums only.
- B-2.7 Transfers of waste containers from the facility to other facilities on the Pelindaba site must comply with the requirements for on-site transfer and may only be undertaken to facilities that are appropriately authorized to receive said waste containers.
- B-2.8 No off-site transfer of material or equipment may be undertaken by the facility without prior NNR approval. $\supset M$

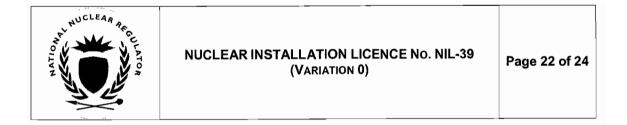


PART B-3: SPECIFIED NNR REQUIREMENTS FOR THE INTERIM DECAY STORAGE YARD

B-3.1 The licensee must comply with the requirements, as per the NNR requirements documents, listed in the table below –

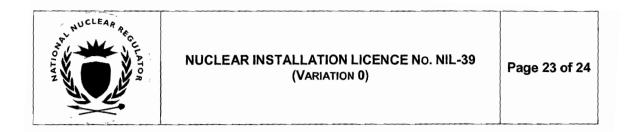
Document number	Description
RD-0014 (Rev 0)	Emergency Preparedness and Response
644	Requirements for Nuclear Installations
RD-0016 (Rev 0)	Requirements for authorisation Subhissions
.0.	Involving Computer Software and Evaluation
	Models for Safety Calculatons
RD-0024 (Rev 0)	Requirements on Risk As essment and Compliance
1	with Safety Criteria for Nucrear Installations
RD-0026 (Rev 0)	Decommissioning of Nuclear Facilities
RD-0034 (Rev 0)	Quality and afety Management Requirements for
0	Nuclear Installations
LD-1079 (Rev 1)	Requirements in Respect of Licence Change
	Requests the National Nuclear Regulator

- B-3.2 Only high density concrete deary containers containing LILW (I)-SL and LILW (L)-SL originating from the NTR Facilities may be accepted for decay in the facility.
- B-3.3 Concrete storage containers may not contain any volatile or liquid material.
- B-3.4 The storage of concrete containers is limited to a maximum of three hundred and seventy five (345) containers only.
- B-3.5 The connect dose rate on the concrete containers must be < 2 mSv/h.
- B-3.6 The radiation levels at the fence of the facility must be within the limits of a white radiologically controlled area.
- B-3.7 No cracked or leaking containers may be stored in this facility.
- B-3.8 Concrete containers with removable lids must be covered with vinyl covers.
- B-3.9 Concrete containers may only be stacked one tier high.
- B-3.10 Transfers of waste containers from the facility to other facilities on the Pelindaba site must comply with the requirements for on-site transfer and may only be undertaken to facilities that are appropriately authorized to receive said waste containers.



B-3.11 No off-site transfer of material or equipment may be undertaken by the facility without prior NNR approval.





PART B-4: SPECIFIED NNR REQUIREMENTS FOR BUILDING P-1700

B-4.1 The Research & Development and Quality Control laboratories for medical products in the south wing of building P-1700 is authorized by the Department of Health.



